In lieu of missed annual reports - The story of what happened during the last 2.5 years - Jan 2011-June 2013

FIN Need

Summary of Presentation

- 1. Recalling the original project
- 2. Tackling the challenges in Kameshwaram (2011-2012)
- 3. Launching of FIN-SWAM July 2012.
- 4. The first results
- 5. Our rationale for continuing and the future...

This report is dedicated to......

Odette Claver 6-12-1925 to 17-07-2012



In loving remembrance and gratitude - to Mamie(grand mother in French), my mother in law, without whose help and support, this project would never have been born. This memoir is dedicated to her memory. She was a great lady.



To all the women who are with me and helping me - starting with my mother, Amma, who is struggling to learn to walk again, my sisters, my daughter and all my girl friends - Thank you! (All guys who are helping me will be thanked in 2014 - I promise!).

Part 1: Recalling the project Idea born on December 27, 2004

- Origins of Friend in Need : Created after the Tsunami of December 2004
- To rehabilitate a fishing village in India significantly affected by the tsunami; and
- Work towards ensuring economic and social security for the villagers,
- through implementing a series of developmental projects;
- in a Franco-Indian collaboration.







Where is Kameshwaram? It is in the State of Tamil Nadu In India along the Indian coast.



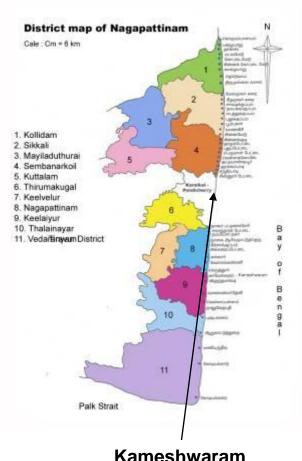
Physical features

- Village in Nagapattinam district of Tamil Nadu
- Isolated village (10 kms fro Velankanni)
- High-water table area
- Heavy rain during the 3 mc of the monsoon
- Tsunami hit area

<u>Demographic</u> and economic features

- 5300 inhabitants around 1450 families
- Farmers, small-time fishermen, few traders & landless labourers
- Farming and fishing based economy
- Low productivity
- No change in technology used since decades

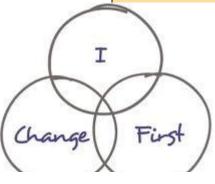




Evolution of objectives in 2006 for Kameshwaram



Safe water



4. Behavioural Change



Documentation of costs and benefits and best practices. Free diffusion for maximum replication in other villages in India and the world.

Why toilets? Because lack of sanitation is a major challenge in rural India

- **1.** Lack of individual household toilets in rural India: 67% of Indian rural households do not have access to functioning toilets and as a result they defecate wherever they can UNICEF (2012).
- 2. More cell-phones and televisions than toilets: 53% of the total population of India of 1.2 billion has a cell phone; and 47% have a television set in their homes; but about 50% of the population (about 600 million people) still defecate in the open (Census, 2011)
- 3. Indian Government targets to make India open-defecation free by 2022: The 'Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan' (Pure India Campaign) programme was initiated in 2012.
- 4. The market for 'toilet construction' and 'sanitation construction' has developed: Incentives for the construction of toilets are provided by the government and large NGOs and micro-finance institutions (MFI) are very active as service providers.
- 5. Civil society is also involved: Friend in Need (India) and Association Un Ami (France) were founded by an academic to increase awareness and mobilise the student and academic communities to study the challenge of achieving complete sanitation coverage in rural India through action-research in Kameshwaram.
- 6. In addition to lack of toilets there are hundreds of abandoned toilets in India: For instance, Friend in Need (FIN) raised funds for the construction of toilets in Kameshwaram in the aftermath of the tsunami of December 2004. The main sponsors were UNICEF and WATER AID. Other large NGOs built the toilets. Due to bad construction and lack of adequate accompaniment, 60% of these toilets are in need of repair and lie abandoned.
- 7. <u>Toilets can be used as an instrument for empowerment and development</u>: Gaining access to a functional toilet empowers women and sanitation drives can be used to initiate waste management and bring about behavioural change in terms of hygiene.

From 2005 to 2008 – Friend in Need basically acted as a financier raising funds for other NGOs to implement development projects

Donor funds from families in France (mainly), **Europe, India and the USA Use French** student volunteers Give the funds to 1. Generate Research; **local NGOs** Formulate project proposals; active in 3. Submit to local, national and construction of international agencies for toilets funding.

4. Generate funds from public

agencies.

Lessons Learnt

- 1. Most NGOs building toilets overlook quality and effective maintenance of toilets.
- 2. To correct such mistakes, it is necessary to work more closely with NGOs from start to end.
- 3. For that we need local staff.
- 4. Hired 1 part time and 1 full time staff.

Then in 2009-2010 Friend in Need began to explore how to implement development projects itself.

Consultancy contracts **Donor funds from** to work with other families in France (mainly), bigger NGOs to create **Europe, India and the USA** and circulate knowledge and information 1. Hire local staff 2. Use French students 1. Corrected all mistakes made by our former NGO partners except for massive repair of 350 toilets. Developed networks within village; Did a thorough study of the village; Developed services of use for other NGOs.

Lessons Learnt

- 1. We have developed capabilities!
- 2. But we don't have the critical mass of funds or personnel to undertake repairs of 350 decaying toilets.
- 3. There is an enormous socio-cultural mind-block against working on waste and toilets.
- Households have got used to getting everything for free.
 Nobody wants to pay for anything.



Part 2 of the presentation

- 1.. Recalling the original project
- 2. Tackling the challenges in Kameshwaram (2011-2012)



By 2010 it was clear that a number of installations that had been built by other NGOs, with funds that I had raised for the purpose for which they had been originally intended, were of poor quality or poor design.

There was no opportunism or dishonesty – simply poor planning, inefficient integration of beneficiaries, poor design – and the practice of NGOs to 'tick boxes' to prove completion of a project rather than work towards real, positive, sustainable, transformative change.

All the NGOs, which can be considered as service providing social enterprises, had left by this time and it was evident that a lot of things had to be put right. I was alone with Mr. Paranjothi as our sole staff, colleague and trusted friend.

At one point, I was so depressed that I decided not to ask any of you or anyone for that matter, for funds – till most of the mistakes were rectified. I started working on consultancies on sanitation and ploughed the earnings into Friend in Need to undertake the repairs and support Mr. Paranjothi and other workers involved.



Many thanks to Valentin Post of WASTE (NL) for the research contracts

So that's why I haven't written any annual reports or contacted anyone for funds during the last 1.5 years.

What we put right to the extent possible in 2011-2012...(1/3)

The full stories will be regularly posted on a blog during the coming year – details to follow



Ecological toilet complex built for Saint Sebastian school in 2006



Not maintained
– abandoned by
2009. Repairs
undertaken by
FIN



FIN repairs all again in 2011 – and starts helping in maintenance as well.



School directors now willing to spend on maintenance of toilets but in 2012 they broke the ecological toilets to make them into conventional ones.



In 2007 we build a model ecological toilet complex on the premises of the village council.

By 2009 clear that nobody is using the model toilet and it is not being shown to anyone.





In 2011, Sebastien Gaumont, a visiting French tourist cleans and repairs it. We pay for the costs of repair. Now it is used to store our non-biodegradable waste.

What we put right to the extent possible in 2011-2012...(2/3)

The full stories will be regularly posted on a blog during the coming year – details to follow



3



New solar drier in Kameshwaram beach in September 2006



Abandoned, broken, rusted, with essential parts stolen by 2009.



Dismantled and moved in 2010





Repaired and place on top of Vanjore temple in 2011 – where local unemployed youth dry flowers for perfuming oils



Fish market in September 2006



Roof blown away many times, sand surrounds platform, the wall breaks and market becomes a platform for repairing boats and drying fish by 2009 We discuss and work with the fishermen community to ensure that it is always intact even after storms through volunteers by 2010.

And we did some good things also and these I am proud to say that these are still working well ...(2/3) – Why? Because we took care to ensure quality....because it was we who built them – we did not raise funds for another NGO to build them....

The full stories will be regularly posted on a blog during the coming year – details to follow



The toilets that we financed via a 'Mason's Innovation Contest' in 2009, whereby masons were encouraged to build the toilets of their dreams for themselves are in good shape and still being used well in 2013.





The toilets that Paranjothi designed and supervised as a model toilet for the 'Indian Bank' in the nearby village of Vadagudy in 2010 is still in good condition and being used well.







- We have improved awareness of hygiene.
- We have had a very modest but positive impact on behaviour – to throw into bins.
- We have created a liking for good toilets among a few.



But the biggest challenge was that

toilets – an innovation introduced after the tsunami were being abandoned because of : (i) lack of a repair agency; (ii) faulty construction; (iii) incomplete construction; (iv) challenging weather conditions; (v) apathy.



So the biggest challenge was that toilets – an innovation introduced after the tsunami were being abandoned

Before 12/2004 Tsunami: Only a few septic tank toilets existed in Kameshwaram – (e.g. 1 septic tank toilet in Panchayat office and one in the house of the head of the Panchayat).

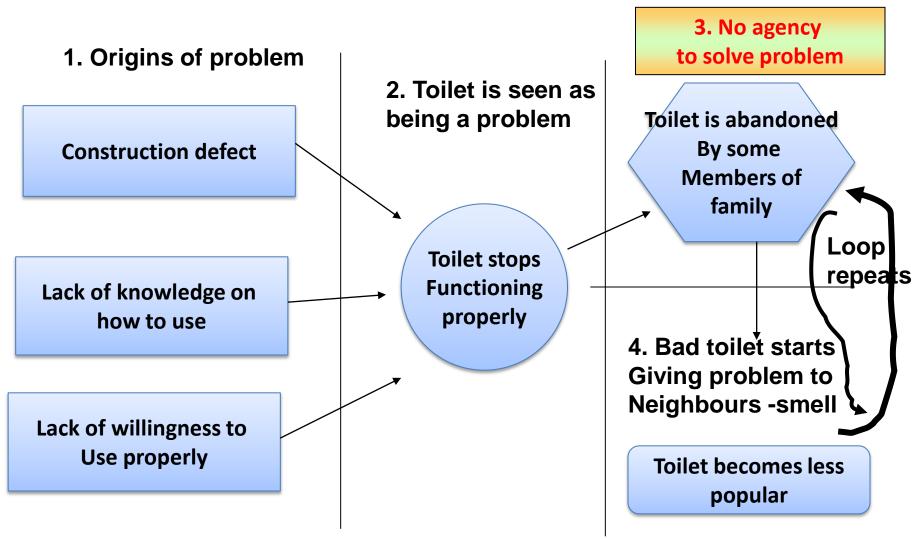
After 12/2004 Tsunami: Many toilets have been constructed + Kameshwaram has won the 'Nirmal Gram Puraskar award' from Indian government for significant sanitation coverage.

All toilets below have been constructed for nearly free.

Total: 675 toilets covering 43.93% of the households in the village	Year	Number of toilets completed
Drive 1	2006	150 Ecosan (Financier: UNICEF and FIN; Constructor: SCOPE)
Drive 2	75 Ecosan (Financier: Student Association SOS of Grenoble school of Business and FIN; Constructor: SCOPE)	
Drive 3	2008	100 Ecosan (Financier: Water Aid and FIN; Constructor: Gramalaya)
Drive 4	Drive 4 2008-2009 350 Septic tank toilets constructed by Western religious organizations	

But: About 200 of the existing toilets need to be repaired

Reasons for abandoning of toilets – not all at once – a dynamic process



Common defects







Falling doors

1.4 Other contextual challenges in Kameshwaram

- 1. Unwillingness to pay for toilet repair & toilet construction: After the tsunami people got the toilets for free, during elections the politicians give out colour televisions, the government also gives financial aid for most essentials and so the villagers are willing to spend their disposable income only on 'instant gratification giving goods' like alcohol or 'conscious consumption' like costly weddings and family celebrations or education (of the boys mostly but of course!) or motor bikes and cars....
- **2. Association of 'social mobility' with 'non-ecological infrastructure'** concrete, steel, plastic, toilets with attached pits that pass for septic tanks, internet purchases instead of with the village grocer, western toilets that are inappropriate, big cars...etc.
- **3. Social stigma associated with Ecological toilets**: Ecological toilets need more maintenance and the compost formed needs to be emptied. Thus, though this is a very good model for high water table areas, without an agency for maintenance this model is not popular.
- **4.** Lack of rural artisans with technical knowledge: Any kind of manual work is considered 'low brow' while desk jobs are coveted. There are no educational institutions ensuring artisanal skills such as plumbing, electrical work, masonry, pottery, weaving etc. So those in these professions enter it as a default option, learn on the job and do not have a solid conceptual understanding of their work.
- **5.** Lack of a work culture of consistent work: All prefer to work when they *need to* or *feel like* as temporary labour and preferably for large companies with a big building with impressive array of computers, an office car and a front office.
- 6. Total lack of pride in their village instead a shared culture of an inferiority complex.

1.5 Finally – major Challenges within Friend in Need



- Friend in Need had only two permanent staff till recently Shyama in France and Paranjothi in Nagapattinam.
- •Paranjothi did all tasks, A to Z, starting with whatever was urgent first. On weekends he drove a taxi in 2012. No time management could be practised.
- •Shyama is a full time academic who works on FIN matters during the evenings and weekends. .
- •Paranjothi being a devoted colleague does NOT like to expose any problems in Kameshwaram to Shyama!
- •Shyama discovers all problems <u>only when it is too late</u> but the sincerity of Paranjothi is always evident.



•Paranjothi likes to help all people but intensely dislikes marketing a service or asking people for payments. Shyama is the same actually though she has to do it!

Some major changes were necessary! A larger team — with expertise in marketing and funds raising! Team members who were willing to expose real problems as they occurred! Real masons and artisans! Someone who was willing to recruit locals — in short we needed a revolution! Now see the next slide!!!



Part 3 of the presentation

- 1.. Recalling the original project
- 2. Tackling the challenge in Kameshwaram (2011 2012)
- 3. The launching of FIN SWAM

The launching of FIN-SWAM

Sanitation, Waste And Management was born in July 2012! (not sure of exact day though!)

Vision – To tackle the challenge of repairing 200 toilets

- Create an agency SWAM Sanitation, Waste And Management as a labor managed social enterprise.
- Create qualified manpower that will provide SWAM services in Kameshwaram and nearby villages.
- Develop standard environmentally sustainable designs of toilets.
- Create new designs that make ecological toilets as attractive as those with septic tanks.
- Waste Management: Collect waste from each of the beneficiary households; compost biodegradable waste and transport nonbiodegradable waste to distributors for recycling companies in the nearby towns of Velankanni, Karaikal and Nagapattinam.

What are FIN-SWAM's aims in terms of social impact in Kameshwaram?

Repair about 200 existing toilets and build 450 new ones – so that all have access to toilets



Change behaviour – induce young and old to throw litter into bins



Clean up open spaces where garbage is simply piled



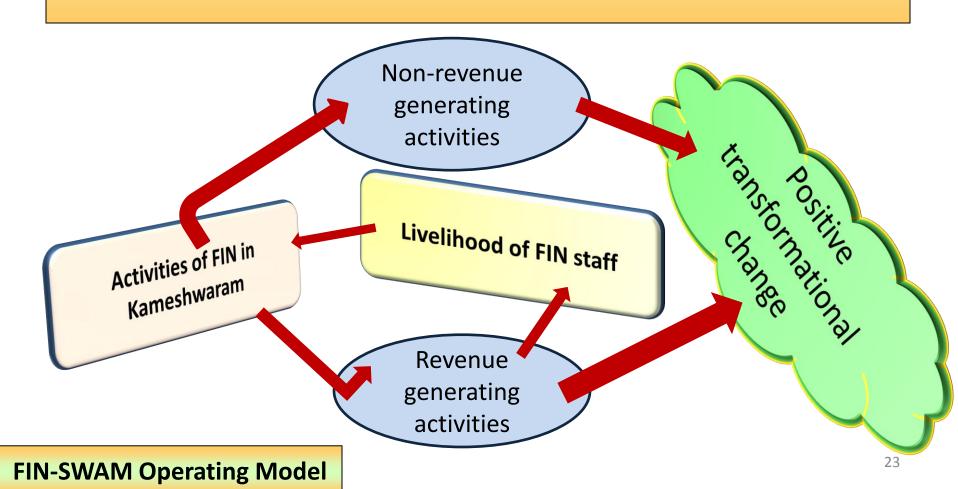
Develop a waste management system compatible with local resources and skills





Friend in Need or FIN launches FIN-SWAM in July 2012 SWAM = Sanitation, Waste And Management

Our objective is to build <u>local capabilities with locals</u> to build and maintain toilets and implement waste management at a village level



Expansion through collaboration with a micro-finance institution - BHARATHI

Skills Gap in FIN - Households Funds Mobilisation: No one with expertise on communicating with people to mobilize household funds towards investment in toilets.

I met Mr. Nagarajan, founder-director of the Bharathi, in a train! Bharathi is a respected and renowned micro-finance institution based in a town called Thiruvarur near Kameshwaram, and we talked and talked and I told him how we just didn't know how to mobilize funds from households towards toilets. Then he said he would help me and indeed he has! Very much indeed!





http://bharathiwomen.org/micro.html

Mr. Nagarajan has kindly proposed the following:

- His team of trained animators will mobilize funds from the households towards investment in toilets by providing them access to credit.
- The FIN staff will facilitate the loans drive by accompanying the Bharathi team and organizing awareness campaigns and fairs.
- He will train the FIN staff in basic time management, reporting and communication.

2.2 Raising funds through collaboration with a crowd funding start-up — United Donations

Skills Gap in FIN - FUND RAISING: I found it easier to work nights and weekends myself to earn money to support the staff and work at Kameshwaram rather than organize events to raise funds. I could not afford to pay any student or anyone else to help me raise funds. The support team was basically supporting me with small work from time to time. And I needed more funds than I could raise – we needed to expand. And I was becoming very tired from working all the time....

Well, I talk a lot and so a lot of people came to know of my problems. Then Dr. Akil Amiraly, who recently obtained his doctorate from the Ecole Polytechnique in Paris on water management introduced me to his colleagues/friends Sylvain and his wife Corine, who were about to create the crowd funding organization United Donations



http://www.uniteddonations.co/about/l-equipe

You can read about Corine and Sylvain from the link above. I found them to be very genuine and enthusiastic! And I'm here to stay with them! They are supporting 10 projects in 8 countries and ours is one of them! We have 19 donors now and our target to increase that to 300 this year. I don't believe in endless growth – but this target will make the project sustainable. Not aiming for more.

http://www.uniteddonations.co/

Support Team: FIN-SWAM will be supported by the existing "behind the scenes important people I count on" international team and some new members!



Christine Honore: Financial administration on the European side in Reims. France



Gaurav Balakrishnan, Writing, in Kolkota, India

Raji Srikant: Financial administration on the Indian side, in Bangalore, India



S. Ganapathi, Auditor – auditing our accounts, in Karaikal, India.



Bienvenidos
Bienvenidos
Bienvenidos
Bienvenidos
Bienvenidos
Cillkommen
Celcome

Benjamin Lisan and other French friends to translate English into French.



Nico Rasters: Web master, in Maastricht, The Netherlands.



Sandhya Thirunagari – Fundraising, in London, UK

Advisory Team: I have decided to have an advisory committee with whom I will be consulting 2-3 times a year! People with who have worked with me....



Sangeeta Venkatesh (India) – Writer – Ecologist – Consultant - who's supported me from the start!





Adam Walker
(USA) – Young
entrepreneur,
who adopted me
as a mentor! But I
think I need his
practical insight
too!

Ajay Thutupalli (India and NL) - - my doctoral student at UNU-MERIT (Maastricht) who has come several times to the village.



Gita Balakrishnan (India) - Architect – Ethos - who's supported me from the start!



Tamás Medovarszki (Hungary) – former FIN intern – now in Schiedner Consultancy





4. Our first results....

Challenges and Milestones since September 2012

			Office is more organized. Routines are developed. First payments from waste collection obtained. Second round of toilet repairs occurs.			
	program Karunanidhi	not motivated.	Mr. Shakthivel – a mason comes and leaves	• •		
	Chance meeting with Mr.Nagaraja n of Bharathi NGO.	Mr. Nagarjan gets us Mr.	Bharathi team is introduced to Kameshwaram.	Bharathi gives loans to 23 residents for sanitation and other household investment.		
e a aya aint aidh	thi finds an lso recruits Kumar for enance and ni for waste ement.					
У	February	March	April	May 29		

Start with our first recruit Shakthivel - it does not work. Look for office - but we do not find. Find it very difficult to persuade households to invest in toilet construction.

1 October

Mr. Paranjothi finds an office. He also recruits
Mr. Vijaya Kumar for office maintenance and Karunanidhi for waste management.

December 1 January

1 October		Decembe	I Januar y				
2012	November	r	2013	February	March	April	May 29

How our collaborators have helped us – many thanks to them!

The Bharathi team have mobilised funds from 23 households in 2 months.
They are very efficient communicators!







*A mason's wage is 500-700 INR per day.

Present activities

Social impact creating but not revenue senerating



Garbage collection from households and organizations



Presently offering free labour for toilet construction and repair



Selling the nonbiodegradable waste to distributors

Cleaning up public spaces – first target: the bus stop outside the office.

Our team.



Above - left to right in Kameshwaram: Paranjothi, Karunanidhi, Vijayakumar, Selvakumar and Kanagarajan.

We are a core team of six people.

Below:

Shyama V. Ramani, Professor, who splits her time between Paris, London, and India.



Our office.

Our office is a large room above a grocery store in Kameshwaram.



Division of work between FIN-SWAM members



Paranjothi is in charge of:

- Administration of finance;
- Office supplies and maintenance;
- Maintenance of old projects;
- Transport services.



Karunanidhi is in charge of:

- Waste collection;
- Waste management;
- Inducing behavioural change;
- Waste management accounts;



Shyama V. Ramani is in charge of:

- Fund raising for salaries of others;
- Project development ,
 accompaniment and coaching;
- Communicating about project to the outside world.

Kanagarajan:

- Communications with decision makers and villagers;
- Documentation;
- Inducing behavioural change.



Selvakumar is in charge of:

- Construction and repair of toilets;
- Promotion of environmentally friendly technologies;
 - Accounts related to construction.



Vijaya Kumar is in charge of:

- Office maintenance;
- Maintaining attendance registers and monitoring progress;
- Receiving visitors.
- **He is a stroke survivor and partially paralyzed.



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A typical week – everyone has to do all types of work – multi-tasking removes social stigma associated with waste management



Waste management



Discussions in village



Writing



Transport



Toilet construction



Telephone team member



Team meeting via Telephone

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thurs	Friday	Saturday
Paranjothi	transport	construction	Waste collection	Office admin	transport	Team meeting
Kanagarajan	Writing, discussion	Writing, discussion	Writing, discussion	construction	Waste collection	Team meeting
Vijaya Kumar	Office admin	Office admin	Office admin	Office admin	Office admin	Team meeting
Karunanidhi	Construction	Waste collection	construction	Waste collection	construction	Team meeting
Selvakumar	construction	Construction discussion	construction	construction Waste collect.	construction	Team meeting
Shyama	telephone	write	telephone	write	write	Team meeting

Toilet construction – before Bharathi joined us...from January – April 2013

	grant from FIN	Household investment	FIN team involved	Time period	What was done	Type of toilet
Karunanidhi			sakthivel +		cement coating, pipe	
	2205	2600		•	repair, roof repair ,	
and Santhi	3385	3600	Paranjothi	April	painting	Ecosan
					roof coats, new	
					pipes, cement	
			Paranjothi +		coating with touch	
			last touches	Completed in	up, white paint, door	
Venkatachalam	3200	3150	sakthivel	March	grey colour	Ecosan
					incomplete -	
Ilango					household has to	
Muthulakshmi	1000		Sakthivel	March	give materials	septic tank
					incomplete -	
					household has to	
Dhanalaksmi	2000		Sakthivel	March-April	give materials	septic tank

Santhi and Karunanidhi – Our first ecosan repair project ambassadors!











Santhi and Karunanidhi are young farmers who had loved the ecological toilet and used the compost. But then it fell into disrepair. And they did not know how to repair it. Theirs was the first toilet we repaired. Now the asbestos roof has been replaced by a metal sheet. They found it difficult to climb the steps. So Paranjothi had the idea of putting more sand all around and thereby increasing the height – so instead of 3 steps – now they have only one step!

Toilet construction so far – The first 23 households with Bharathi loans

1	Vijaya	
2	Anjulam	
3	Revathi	
		Materials have been bought by the
4	Sophia	household
		Materials have been bought by the
5	Yogeshwari	household
6	Thenmuzhi	
7	Indira	
8	Kelvithi	
9	Vanita	
10	Jaya	
11	Saranya	
12	Aishvari	
		Materials have been bought by the
13	Kalaka selvi	household
14	Deepa	FINISHED WITH FIN LABOUR
15	Kanthivathi	
16	Vasantha	
17	RajKumari	
18	Kannaki	
19	Mahalakshmi	FINISHED WITH FIN LABOUR
20	Usha	Finished toilet without FIN labour
21	Maheshwari	Finished toilet without FIN labour
22	Sindhiya	Finished toilet without FIN labour
23	Kamali	Finished toilet without FIN labour

In May, 2013

Revenue from waste management so far in Indian Rupees

			_	_		Total
	Jan	feb	March	April	May	revenue
garbage						
Revenue from sales of non-						
biodegradable garbage		86	0	0		86
How many registered	22	22	22	22	36	
How many have to pay (i.e.						
have passed their trial						
period)	0	0	22	22	22	
How many people paid	0	0	16	8	10	
Payment for waste						
collection	Free	Free	480	240	300	1020
Grand total						1106

^{**}Every household has to pay Rs 30 per month for waste collection.

Revenue from the car

	March	April	May	Total revenue
Car net revenue generation	-1900	-1500	500	-2900
Number of people transported				
in Kameshwaram	4	4	7	



In October 2011, Paranjothi – my sole permanent staff between 2006 and 2013, felt confident enough to purchase a car by taking a loan. His plan was to drive it during the weekend and rent it out during the week to generate extra earnings for his family. Paranjothi was not able to pay the loan interest with his weekend earnings. Hence, we are helping him out and serving Kameshwaram residents at the same time by letting him provide transport in Kameshwaram twice a week.

Our expenditures

Fixed costs per month: salaries, infrastructure and materials

Paranjothi	8,000
Vijaya kumar	3000
Karunanidhi	8000
Selvakumar	
(mason)	10,000
Kanagrajan	8000
Rent	1500
Electricity	300
Budget for other	
office supplies per	
month (maximum)	1000
Total fixed costs	39,400

Jan-May	Debit	Nature of expenditure	Comment
		Grant to household for	This is prior to
Shanthi/Karunanidhi	3385	toilet construction	Bharathi
		Grant to household for	
Venkatachalam	3200	toilet construction	
Muthulakshmi		Grant to household for	
Ilangovan	1000	toilet construction	
		Grant to household for	
Dhanalakshmi Papayan	1000	toilet construction	working
Meeting to present			
Bharathi and Ioan			
schemes in April	4805		
Masons - for			
temporary work	7500		
Karunanidhi -April	3000		
Vijaya kumar - April	3000		
Office + electricity	1800		
Office materials	3140		
Train tickets to look			
over toilet of			
handicapped couple	1700		
Office board	1100		
Car for waste			
management	200		
Telephone bill	1400		
Chukkalingam	2900		
Stationary	80		
Aarani trip	1069		
welding of bed	300		
Bharathi honorarium	8000		
Lunches Bharathi	500		

49079



These results may not seem impressive – but they are indeed truthful and impressive given the contextual challenges, the nature of the work and the culture of empowerment with responsibility, transparency and accountability that I am trying to develop.

5. Now to the future......

Our social impact targets for the next 7 months

June to December 2013 = 7 months

Toilet repair: Repair about 50 toilets

Toilet quality control: Develop a certification for the quality of toilets

Awareness creation: Hold one meeting a month in FIN office

Awareness creation: Give one talk a week at the school

Waste management: Have at least 300 people registered and paying for waste

management.

Waste management: Have developed a system to maintain the public space

near bus-stop clean.

Capacity building: Sending FIN team for 1 week training in toilet construction, sending FIN team for 3 day training in waste management, making sure that all know how to use printer to photocopy documents, making sure that all know how to send and receive emails. Develop use of a phone system with mike and speakers for weekly meeting. Explore the use of skype – it will depend on network strength. Ensure that all can present the mission of FIN-SWAM well.

Transportation: Get to transporting between 35-45 Kameshwaram residents per month.

Computer browsing centre: Start it in FIN office









Our fundraising targets for the next 7 months

	June to December 2013 = 7 months		
	Credit in Euros	Costs in INR	Credit in INR
Fixed costs (50,000 INR per			7667 1665
month)		245000	777 777
Variable costs for training and			
collaboration		100000	
Awareness meetings		40000	
Visits by experts		50000	
Crowd-funding through United			
Donations (19 people @ 6 euros			
per month)	798		55860
Association Un-Ami (guardian			
angels)	2000		140000
Target 100 more crowd-funders	4200		294000
			•
Raising funds from revenue			
generation activities of FIN (1000			
Rs minimum over 7 months)			7000
Total		435000	496860

Future revenue generating activities we would like to try to develop

Computer browsing centre





Toilet maintenance



Photocopying using printer



Contracts to clean public spaces from village council



What we would like to do if we had more money.....our wish list....

Recruit one more person for waste management and toilet construction







Send our staff on training on composting



Get some experts to come to the village site



Build some more model toilets



Engage unemployed youth in cleaning up public spaces



Why I am continuing despite the very slow progress...



- 1. It is a wonderful to be engaged in bringing about positive transformative changes it has led me to levels of self-discovery and depths of thinking that I never thought possible and helped me to identify my values explicitly and act consciously according to them.
- 2. I am now committed to developing a social enterprise that mirrors the values I believe in: non-violence, tolerance, respect, empowerment and sustainable development.
- 3. It has had a deep and positive effect on my research and helped me to understand the value-added as well as limitations of economic theory for development practice.
- 4. Last but certainly not least I had promised my father (who is no more) that I would not quit till every one in Kameshwaram had a toilet and it was as clean as any village in Europe. This promise hasn't been fulfilled yet indeed it is very challenging but I can't stop nowthe future looks brighter and very interesting to plunge into!

And it's FUN: Pictures from the FINISH conference where friends of the sanitation circle (!) organized a birthday surprise for me in the middle of the conference! Doing good things generates joy –doesn't it? Thanks for your help! Shyama







www.finish.com

How you can support us – Thank you for your consideration!

1. If you can write, translate (English to Tamil / English to French), do research, document, build toilets, make things from waste, compost waste, take care of stray dogs (all over the village), teach people who are technologically challenged to use a computer, organise fund raising events or teach first aid for snake bites — then write to Shyama at shyama_ramani@yahoo.com





2. If you can make a monthly donation of 6.60€ = 8.80\$ = 5.61£ - Please go the website of our crowd funding sponsors **United Donations** founded by academics Corine and Sylvain, and support the project 'Sanitation Change Makers'

http://www.uniteddonations.co/

2. If you can make a one shot donation for the year - Please go to our website http://www.friend-in-need.org/donate.htm



Those within India can send cheques and those outside India are requested to use the pay-pal option. THANK YOU!

CONCLUSION

A very sincere thanks to all who are supporting us. Your help will facilitate the **Friend in Need** team in Kameshwaram to make this village as clean as any in the world and eliminate open defecation in the village.



